

## AGLAIA SELF-GLOSSY WAX

Water thinnable wax emulsion for cleaning and regular care of oiled and waxed surfaces. Also for use as a furniture polish. Exclusively made from natural raw materials.



### Ranges of Application:

AGLAIA SELF-GLOSSY WAX is a gentle regular cleaning and care product for indoors, especially for oiled and waxed cork and parquet floors including floor tiles. AGLAIA SELF-GLOSSY WAX is simply added to the cleaning water. Can also be used undiluted for refreshing the look of dulled furniture.

### Processing:

► For use as a cleaning additive: Add 1 teaspoon AGLAIA SELF-GLOSSY WAX to 1 liter clear water and use sparingly. First sweep floor, then wipe clean with a moist cloth, using the wax added water. Avoid standing water and the use of aggressive, scrubbing cleaning agents.

For more information refer to our AGLAIA Special Care Instructions for Oiled and Waxed Floor Tiles, Cork and Parquet Floors.

► For use as a furniture wax: Apply AGLAIA SELF-GLOSSY WAX extremely sparingly and in a thin layer, using a non-fraying rag or rolled-up cloth. Distribute well and evenly. After drying overnight, buff carefully and evenly with cloth or buffing pad to obtain a silky shine.

### Technical Features:

AGLAIA SELF-GLOSSY WAX is a water thinnable fragrant wax for regular care. Fine emulsion of bees and plant waxes in water with essential oils and plant extracts added. Does not contain any synthetic solvents or preservatives. Well compatible with a skin-indifferent pH value. Fully biodegradable. Cleans and protects in one. Buffing produces an extremely fine, silk lustering, pleasant-to-touch wax film. No static build-up, therefore, virtually no dust attraction. Despite increased water-repellent properties, not suitable for use in areas with splash water. Surfaces oiled and waxed with purely natural products are highly recommended from a biological and ecological building point of view as they provide an agreeable room climate. The diffusion and absorption capacities of unsealed wooden surfaces remain unaffected.

For suitable oil based primers for absorbent wood, see **Surface and Pretreatment**.

### Physical/Technical Characteristics:

Density: 0.99 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
pH Value: 6  
Viscosity: thin as water

### Color tone:

Milky, transparent when dry.

### Drying:

Touch dry after 30 minutes. Can be carefully buffed after 12 hours. Do not wet-clean newly oiled floors sooner than one week later.

### Yield:

As a furniture polish: approx. 0.03 l per application and m<sup>2</sup>.

As a cleaning additive: extremely economic.

### Available Sizes:

0.25 l, 1 l, 3 l and 10 l.

### Cleaning:

Clean appliances, tools and clothes with soap water.

### Storage:

Lasts at least 12 months when stored cool and free of frost in the airtight sealed original container. Once opened, re-seal container airtight.

### Composition:

Full declaration according to the quality standards of the Association for Natural Colors (AGN):

[1]: Tap water, Carnuba wax soap, Beeswax soap;  
[2]: Ethanol, denaturated with carene-free gum spirit of turpentine; [3]: Fir-needle oil.

Explanation of Symbols:

[1] ... Raw material rate in product > 10%  
[2] ... Raw material rate in product 1-10%  
[3] ... Raw material rate in product < 1%

## AGLAIA SELF-GLOSSY WAX

### Surface and Pretreatment:

#### General Requirements:

The surface must be clean, dry, solid and coatable. Maximum wood moisture: 12 % for hardwood, 15 % for conifer wood. Floors must be laid by an expert. Observe the covering manufacturer's instructions. Thoroughly remove thick, dirty wax layers and grease or resin remainders with AGLAIA BALSAM LACQUER THINNER. Also make samples before applying to wood containing a substantial amount of tannic acid, oils or resins in particular oak or tropical woods and wood based materials because of possible discoloration and substances that may delay drying.

The interior of closets, drawers and chests should be primed using AGLAIA WOOD IMPREGNATION PRIMER only.

#### Pretreatment:

Suitable for an oil or wax treatment are planed, fine-sanded facing woods with an attractive grain pattern. Fine-sand (grit 240 or finer) any protruding fibers after priming.

##### ► Oil priming:

AGLAIA HARD RESIN OIL is ideal for high-traffic floors in living areas such as parquet, cork or open-pored floor tiles. As an alternative, AGLAIA PORE FILLER or AGLAIA RESIN OIL PROTECTION may be applied as a saturating oil based primer. For more information on applications, refer to our technical guide „Treating Floors with AGLAIA“. For light colored, untreated wood not subject to stress, AGLAIA WOOD IMPREGNATION PRIMER is recommended.

##### ► Wax application:

Use AGLAIA LIQUID WAX, a machine-compatible, hard-wearing hard wax, especially suitable for floors. AGLAIA FURNITURE WAX is applied using a rolled-up cloth and is suitable for furniture, toys and wooden appliances.

### Safety Instructions and Disposal:

► Hazard Class: not subject to identification requirements under Toxic Chemicals Ordinance/ EU Directive.

Wear gloves when applying manually. Avoid direct skin contact with any cleanser, including natural products. Ensure proper ventilation when applying to large surfaces. Chemically sensitive and environmentally ill persons, please pay attention to the full declaration. Keep out of reach of children. Do not dispose of organic cleaning agents and care products into the sewage system. Disposal of product remainders according to legal regulations. Disposal of empty containers through resource collection points.

► Waste Code: Product and Product Remainders (European Waste Code): 080199 (Coatings).

It is our objective to provide, through this technical information, advice based on our skills and practical experience. Any instructions given are non-binding and do not release the user from his or her liability to check for product suitability and application methods him/herself with regard to the surface used. Technical modifications may result from product development. Upon publication of a revised or new version, these instructions will automatically lose their validity. The details contained in the EU Safety Data Sheets in their current form dictate liability for classification in terms of the Hazardous Substances Regulation, disposal etc.